

CALLERS ON THE PRESIDENT.—Chief Justice Fuller and Judge Lamar called on the President this morning.

STOCKEXCHANGERS AND GAMERS.—The following stockholders and gamblers were appointed to-day: Solomon K. Gold, West Harrison, Ind.; Wm. S. Ash, Blair Creek, Pa.

THE DAILY NEWS.—By direction of the Secretary of War, General Order No. 24, March 15, 1887, is revoked. Regulations for gunpowder for the morning and evening gun at military posts will now be made on the Ordnance Department.

CHINESE SAILORS NOT EXCLUDED.—The Treasury Department has decided that Chinese seamen who ship on United States vessels in United States ports for the round voyage, so that they have been continuously under the United States flag from the time they left until they return to port, are not covered by the Chinese Exclusion act.

Minor and Personal.

Secretary Whitney returned to the city last night, and was at his desk this morning for a short time. The Secretary was accompanied by Mrs. Whitney.

The national bank notes received to-day by the Treasurer for redemption amount to \$87,000.

## WHAT IS SAID IN NEW YORK.

## The Times Gives Up the State—Harrison's Probable Plurality.

A Philadelphia special from New York says: New York is Republican. At midnight this is conceded by the New York Times. The State is carried for Harrison and Protection by a plurality which may reach 20,000, will not fall below 10,000, and is in all probability in the neighborhood of 12,000. The State outside of New York and Kings County gave Blaine in 1884, 57,746 plurality. Returns from 406 districts of the 1,986 election districts in this part of the State give Harrison 93,888, and Cleveland 79,074; a plurality of 23,814, 5,633 larger than the same districts gave in 1884. This is an average gain of a little over fourteen votes to the election district, a gain which has been maintained through all the fragmentary returns thus far.

Continued through the State, this gives Harrison a gain of 20,000 over Blaine, or a total plurality outside of New York and Kings of 80,000. The Democratic plurality in New York City, forty-six districts out of 856 missing, is 27,774 and in Kings County, 1,000, or 28,774, a total plurality of 44,693. Allowing for the changes more complete returns will give this indicates a total plurality of from 40,000 to 50,000. New York and Brooklyn. This leaves Harrison a clean 10,000 to 12,000 for the State, with every prospect that this plurality will increase. The Democratic plurality being now below estimates, while Republican counts are steadily improving upon the estimates of both parties.

This sweeping triumph is worked by three changes in the vote of the State. In Brooklyn Cleveland has lost 3,500 of his majority in 1884, and this leaves his net gain for the two great cities not over 5,500. He has gained in two of the cities of the State, Albany and Elmira, and in Troy he has done a little more than hold his own. But outside of these, in the other great manufacturing towns of the State, there has been little short of a landslide. In Syracuse, in Rochester, in Buffalo and in Utica, Republican gains have been made in about the order named. The Democratic plurality in the steady growth of the plurality, the great rural Republican counts, the Republican vote has returned to the figures of 1884.

Another special to the same paper says: "The latest figures at Republican National Headquarters indicate that New York, Indiana and Connecticut have each given Gen. Harrison a majority."

In this State he is not likely to fall below 10,000, and will carry it by something like 20,000 if the present ratio of gains holds good.

The figures are growing better for the Republicans as they have become more complete, and Chairman Quay looks for a continuance of their present aspect. As yet, however, Miller has run well throughout the interior counties, and has an even chance of overcoming Hill's plurality of 80,000 below Harrison. It is impossible for the Republican plurality below Harlem Bridge to aggregate more than 72,000; I doubt if they will reach that. This city has disappointed Republican hopes somewhat, but the vote of the city apparently up to the danger line, while on the other side of the bridge it is steadily gaining on Republican estimates. The figures are by no means complete, but they are so close to it that there can be no doubt of where the State stands.

The Democratic National Committee started off this evening with high hopes of carrying this State. It was impossible to change the vote of the State, but the reports to the State Central Committee and other private sources of information are such as to warrant the belief that the State is comfortably safe for the whole ticket."

Democratic Committee have returns from 57 precincts out of 1,800, showing Democratic gains of 10,000.

Col. Mattison confidently claims election by a handsome majority. At 2 a. m. Governor Gray says Indiana has gone Democratic.

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Fourteen precincts in this (Marion) county have been returned. It is not possible to make comparisons in all cases, but the eight unchanged precincts, so far reported, give a Democratic gain of 1,000. There are eighty-five precincts in the county.

Reports received by Chairman Huston show Republican gains in the following counties: Hamilton, 30; Harrison, 16; Hamilton (town), 100; Morgan, 102; Dearborn, 200; Shelby, 30; Vigo, 200.

Mr. Huston still claims the State for Harrison and Protection.

10-40 a. m.—One hundred and sixty-nine precincts give Harrison 20,307; Cleveland, 16,638. The same precincts in '84 gave Blaine 19,003; Cleveland, 16,318.

Indiana, Nov. 7.—Excitement is again at fever heat this morning. Large, enthusiastic crowds are around the bulletin boards and parading the streets, blowing horns and cheering. Gen. Harrison arose about 7 o'clock; during breakfast leisurely inspected a big pile of dispatches which arrived after he had taken his morning bath.

At 10 o'clock the Cleveland plurality in the State would reach 20,000. Chairman Brice claimed Indiana, New Jersey and Connecticut. Later on, however, when the returns from Kings County dropped steadily from 15,000 to 12,000 for Cleveland, the Gorman-Brice claims became more modest, and Harrison and Protection were again the order of the day.

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## The Democrats in New York Confess that They are Defeated.

## THE REPUBLICANS CARRY THE STATE BY FIVE THOUSAND.

## Connecticut Gives a Plurality of 429 for Cleveland.

## SECRETARY SHEPHERD CLAIMS INDIANA FOR THE DEMOCRATS ON STATE AND NATIONAL TICKET.

## California Still Claimed by Leaders in Both Parties.

## VIRGINIA STILL IN DOUBT, BUT THE DEMOCRATS ARE HOPEFUL.

## New York, Nov. 7.—The total Presidential vote, complete for every district in the city, is as follows:

Harrison, Rep., 105,750.  
Cleveland, Dem., 102,963.  
Fisk, Pro., 2,000.  
Covdry, Labor, 1,559.

One thousand and thirty-eight election districts in this State outside this city and Kings County give Cleveland 205,451; Harrison, 205,818; Fisk, 1,084. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 189,024; Blaine, 229,518; St. John, 11,239. One thousand and twenty-nine districts outside New York and Kings County give Hill 206,815; Miller, 236,074; Jones, 10,488. The same districts in 1885 gave Hill 163,438; Davenport, 189,532; Bascom, 18,051.

The Tribune's State table makes Harrison's plurality 4,770; the World's, 3,380; the Herald's 14,000, and the Sun's, 8,107. The World, Dem., gives up the fight in an extra edition just issued (11 a. m.) It publishes its election returns under the following caption:

## "TRAILERS HOPE."

"It looked as if Illinois might elect Cleveland."

"But later returns are more and more Republican."

"You may as well call it President Harrison."

## INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Nov. 7.—Chairman Huston, of the Republican State Committee, at noon claims the State by four to five thousand. Governor Gray claims it for the Democrats by 5,000. Returns coming in are as follows:

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—A Post special at noon from Indianapolis says: "Indications clearly tend to show that Indiana has gone Democratic. All the late returns reduce the Republican gains, and whereas the Republican gain was at first 1,300, it is now 1,111. The Democrats have carried Marion County apparently up to the danger line, while on the other side of the bridge it is steadily gaining on Republican estimates. The figures are by no means complete, but they are so close to it that there can be no doubt of where the State stands."

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## THE WEEKLY NEWS.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7, 1888.

meis, Rep., Congressmen in the Tenth district, is defeated by Bayne by about 600 plurality.

## ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Two hundred and eighty-eight precincts in Illinois outside of Cook County show a net Republican gain of 2,588 over the vote of 1884. There seems an almost uniform rule of gain in all precincts heard from, and should this be continued in the remaining precincts the gain in the State outside of Cook county will approximate 10,000. Allowing for reduced vote in Cook County, the plurality for the Republican ticket in Illinois should be 35,000 to 30,000. If the Republican candidate for Governor, John P. Altgeld, is elected in several places, but more in Cook County than elsewhere.

He will probably lose this county by 2,000 to 3,000, but the gain for the Republican ticket over the vote of 1884 will be likely to elect him, although running behind considerably. However, the returns are so delayed by the late count in county precincts, that it is not safe to say whether his majority over Palmer will reach 10,000, as claimed by Republicans, or not.

At 2:15 a. m. the Daily News announced 251 precincts outside Cook County show a Republican gain of 2,588. It maintained throughout the State Harrison's plurality of about 25,000. This would probably mean Fier's election also by 5,000 to 8,000.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Gen. Harrison has carried 183 Illinois by at least 20,000 majority, and it may be more while Fier has been chosen Governor by a majority not far from 10,000. In Cook County the vote for Governor, Cleveland and a net Republican gain of 2,588, is not a Republican gain. The majority either way would be large. While the Congressional returns are necessarily meager, they are to the effect that the Republicans have held their own. Gen. Post is re-elected in the Fourth district, and Congressman Guest is surely safe in the Rock Island district by a comfortable majority.

John Baker will succeed himself in the eighth, while Adams in the fourth district is saved through the grace of his friends for the country towns. Altgeld Taylor is elected by a large majority. Frank Lawler sweeps through and, the Hon. W. E. Mason is re-elected. At 2:15 a. m. 286 precincts outside Cook County show a net Republican gain of 2,588. It maintained throughout the State Harrison's plurality will be about 25,000. Palmer shows large gains, but present figures indicate the election of Fier, Rep., by 5,000 to 8,000 plurality, but it is uncertain.